																	CI	0	MS	FO	RM
SUSPECT ADVERSE REACTION REPORT																					
												Τ	Τ			1	Т	1	Т	Τ	Т
				I. R	EACTI	ON	INFO	RMATION	1												
1. PATIENT INITIALS (first, last)	1a. COU			DATE OF BIRTH	2a. A		3. SEX 3a. WEIGHT 4-6 REACTION ONSET					8-	-12	ĀΡ	ECK PRC)PF	RIAT	E TO)		
I GUATEMALA I Day I Month			PRIVACY Ye	Yea		Male	Unk	03		Month JUN	2	Year 202	1 .			VER ENT D		E RE	ACT	ION	
7 + 13 DESCRIBE REACTION(S) (including relevant tests/lab data)] '	×	Date	: 05-JI	UN-	2025		
Event Verbatim [PREFERRED TERM] (Related symptoms if any separated by commas)			Product			erious	Listed	Repo			mpa iusal			INVOLVED OR PROLONGED INPATIENT HOSPITALISATION			IENT				
Nausea [Nausea]			DURVALUMAB		Ye	es	No	Not App	licat	ole Re	elate	d	INVOLVED PERSISTEN OR SIGNIFICANT			ENT					
Diarrhea [Diarrhoea]			DURVALUMAB		Ye	es	No		Applicable Related		DISABILITY OR INCAPACITY										
Patient was no long appetite]	ger eating [D	ecreased		DURVALUM	AB	Ye	es	No		Not Applicable Related		LIFE THREATENING									
Patient did not get	up [Decreas	ed activity]	DURVALUM	AB	Ye	es	No	Not App	licat	ole R	elate	d			CONGENITAL ANOMALY					
							(Cont	inued on Add	litiona	al Inf	formati	on P	age)		OTHER						
				II CHCD									3-/								
14. SUSPECT DRUG(S)) (include generi	c name)		II. SUSP	ECIL	RU	IG(S) II	NFORMA	MIC	IN				20	. DID	REA	CTION	N			
#1) DURVALUMA	AB (DURVAI	_UMAB) I	nfusion				ABATE AFTER STOPPING DRUG?														
15. DAILY DOSE(S)						16	(Continued on Additional Information Page) 6. ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION							┨	_	,					
#1)1500 milligran	m, q4w					#	[£] 1) Intrav	1) Intravenous use													
17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE 21. DID REACTION REAPPEAR AFTER																					
#1) Biliary tract cancer (BTC) (Bile duct cancer)					•	inued on Add	litiona	al Inf	formati	on P	age)	4	RE	INTR	ODUC	TIO	N?				
18. THERAPY DATES(fro #1) FEB-2024 / O							9. THERAPY DURATION 11) Unknown YES NO NA														
			Ш	. CONCO	MITAN	IT D	RUG(S) AND F	IIST	OF	RY										
22. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND DATES OF ADMINISTRATION (exclude those used to treat reaction)																					
23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY. (e.g. diagnostics, allergies, pregnancy with last month of period, etc.)																					
Unknown to Ongoing Indication B							Bile duct cancer (Bile duct cancer)														
Unknown to Ongo	Unknown to Ongoing Indication Hepatic cancer (Hepatic cancer)																				
IV. MANUFACTURER INFORMATION																					
24a. NAME AND ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER AstraZeneca					26. REMARKS World Wide #: GT-ASTRAZENECA-202506CAM005781GT																
Serban Ghiorghiu 1 Medimmune Way Coithershure Manyland 20079, UNITED STATES					Study ID: PSP-23269 Case References: GT-AstraZeneca-CH-00887406A																
Gaithersburg, Maryland 20878 UNITED STATES Phone: +1 301-398-0000																					
245 MED CONTROL NO						25h N	AME AND ADDF	ESS C)F PF	PORTE	R										
	24b. MFR CONTROL NO. 202506CAM005781GT					NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.															
24c. DATE RECEIVED BY MANUFACTURE	24c. DATE RECEIVED 24d. REPORT SOURCE					NAM	E AND ADD	RES	s w	'ITHHE	ELD.										
40 HIN COOF				NAM	E AND ADD	RES	s w	'ITHHE	ELD.												
DATE OF THIS REPORT 25a. REPORT TYPE																					
20-JUN-2025 DINITIAL FOLLOWUP: 1																					

INITIAL

FOLLOWUP: 1

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

7+13. DESCRIBE REACTION(S) continued

Event Verbatim [PREFERRED TERM] (Related symptoms if any separated by commas)	Product	Serious	Listed	Reporter Causality	Company Causality
ON WEDNESDAY HE GOT WORSE [Condition aggravated]	DURVALUMAB	Yes	No	Not Applicable	Related
Medication did not work (lack of efficacy) [Drug ineffective]	DURVALUMAB	Yes	No	Related	Related
Patient died of liver cancer [Death]	DURVALUMAB	Yes	No	Not Applicable	Related

Case Description: A solicited report had been received from a non-health professional in Patient Support Program concerning a male elderly patient born in 1952 (age 73 years).

No medical history was reported.

No concomitant products were reported.

The patient started treatment with Durvalumab (durvalumab) 1500 milligram q4w, Intravenous use, during FEB-2024 for biliary tract cancer (btc) and liver cancer.

On 03-Jun-2025, the patient experienced diarrhea (preferred term: Diarrhoea), nausea (preferred term: Nausea), on wednesday he got worse (preferred term: Condition aggravated), patient did not get up (preferred term: Decreased activity) and patient was no longer eating (preferred term: Decreased appetite). On an unknown date, the patient experienced medication did not work (lack of efficacy) (preferred term: Drug ineffective).

The report described lack of effect for Durvalumab. The reported term was medication did not work (lack of efficacy)(preferred term: Drug ineffective).

The dose of Durvalumab (durvalumab) was not changed.

On 05-Jun-2025, the patient died from the event diarrhea, medication did not work (lack of efficacy), nausea, on wednesday he got worse, patient did not get up and patient was no longer eating on 05-JUN-2025. The patient died (preferred term: Death).

An autopsy was not performed. The cause of death was hepatic cancer.

The reporter assessed the events to be serious due to seriousness criteria of Death.

The reporter did not assess causality for diarrhea, nausea, on wednesday he got worse, patient did not get up, patient died of liver cancer and patient was no longer eating. The reporter considered that there was a reasonable possibility of a causal relationship between Durvalumab and the following event(s): medication did not work (lack of efficacy).

The company physician considered that there was a reasonable possibility of a causal relationship between Durvalumab and the following event(s): diarrhea, medication did not work (lack of efficacy), nausea, on wednesday he got worse, patient did not get up, patient died of liver cancer and patient was no longer eating.

Summary of follow up information received by AstraZeneca on 18-Jun-2025 from physician via Spontaneous: Event dirrhoea was added. Narrative updated.

Company Clinical Comment: Fatal events of Nausea, Decreased appetite, Decreased activity and Condition aggravated are not listed in the company core data sheet of Durvalumab. Diarrhoea is listed adverse event in the company core data sheet of Durvalumab, however as the serious adverse event was reported with seriousness criteria of death, the event is considered unlisted. Elderly age of the patient could be a possible risk factor, underlying biliary tract cancer could be contributory factor. Due to limited information on exact circumstances leading to the events, other possible risk factors, concurrent diseases and concomitant medications, baseline health condition before start of the suspect drug and recent status of the underlying malignancy, past medical history, detailed aetiological and diagnostic workup, the evaluation did not find evidence to exclude a reasonable possibility of a causal relationship between the fatal events and the suspect drug.

14-19. SUSPECT DRUG(S) continued

14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) (include generic name)	15. DAILY DOSE(S); 16. ROUTE(S) OF ADMIN	17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE	18. THERAPY DATES (from/to); 19. THERAPY DURATION
#1) DURVALUMAB (DURVALUMAB) Infusion;	1500 milligram, q4w;	Biliary tract cancer (BTC) (Bile	FEB-2024 / Ongoing;
Regimen #1	Intravenous use	duct cancer)	Unknown
		Liver cancer (Hepatic cancer)	

23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY continued

From/To Dates	Type of History / Notes	Description					
Unknown	Indication	Biliary carcinoma (Bile duct cancer);					