

# SUSPECT ADVERSE REACTION REPORT

## I. REACTION INFORMATION

1. PATIENT INITIALS (first, last) <b>PRIVACY</b>	1a. COUNTRY <b>COSTA RICA</b>	2. DATE OF BIRTH			2a. AGE <b>59</b> Years	3. SEX <b>Female</b>	3a. WEIGHT <b>Unk</b>	4-6 REACTION ONSET			8-12 CHECK ALL APPROPRIATE TO ADVERSE REACTION  <input type="checkbox"/> PATIENT DIED  <input type="checkbox"/> INVOLVED OR PROLONGED INPATIENT HOSPITALISATION <input type="checkbox"/> INVOLVED PERSISTENT OR SIGNIFICANT DISABILITY OR INCAPACITY  <input type="checkbox"/> LIFE THREATENING <input type="checkbox"/> CONGENITAL ANOMALY  <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER
		Day	Month	Year				Day	Month	Year	
			<b>PRIVACY</b>					<b>04</b>	<b>AUG</b>	<b>2025</b>	

7 + 13 DESCRIBE REACTION(S) (including relevant tests/lab data)  
Event Verbatim [LOWER LEVEL TERM] (Related symptoms if any separated by commas)  
received the intradermal injection at a pharmacy [Subcutaneous injection formulation administered by other route]

Case Description: This non-serious Spontaneous report with a product complaint (CRISP2025157435) was reported to Amgen on 05/AUG/2025 by a other health professional and involves a 59 year old female patient who received the intradermal injection at a pharmacy [PT: incorrect route of product administration] while receiving Prolia, Single Dose Prefilled Syringe.

(Continued on Additional Information Page)

## II. SUSPECT DRUG(S) INFORMATION

14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) (include generic name) #1 ) Prolia (denosumab) Solution for injection #2 ) single dose prefilled syringe (single dose prefilled syringe) Device		20. DID REACTION ABATE AFTER STOPPING DRUG?  <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> NA
15. DAILY DOSE(S) #1 ) 60 milligram, q6mo/6.00 Months #2 )	16. ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION #1 ) Intradermal use #2 ) Unknown	
17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE #1 ) Osteoporosis (Osteoporosis) #2 ) Osteoporosis (Osteoporosis)		21. DID REACTION REAPPEAR AFTER REINTRODUCTION?  <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> NA
18. THERAPY DATES(from/to) #1 ) 04-AUG-2025 / Ongoing #2 ) Unknown	19. THERAPY DURATION #1 ) Unknown #2 ) Unknown	

## III. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND HISTORY

22. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND DATES OF ADMINISTRATION (exclude those used to treat reaction)		
23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY. (e.g. diagnostics, allergies, pregnancy with last month of period, etc.)		
From/To Dates Unknown to Ongoing	Type of History / Notes Current Condition	Description Osteoporosis (Osteoporosis)

## IV. MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

24a. NAME AND ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER Amgen Biotecnológica S.A.S. Ana Carolina Uribe Cra 7 No. 123-35 Torre 123 Piso 6 Bogotá, COLOMBIA Phone: 57 3157008539		26. REMARKS
	24b. MFR CONTROL NO. <b>CRISP2025157435</b>	25b. NAME AND ADDRESS OF REPORTER NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.  NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.
24c. DATE RECEIVED BY MANUFACTURER <b>21-AUG-2025</b>	24d. REPORT SOURCE <input type="checkbox"/> STUDY <input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HEALTH PROFESSIONAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OTHER: Spontaneous	
DATE OF THIS REPORT <b>26-AUG-2025</b>	25a. REPORT TYPE <input type="checkbox"/> INITIAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOLLOWUP: 1	

26-Aug-2025 03:41

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**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION****7+13. DESCRIBE REACTION(S) continued**

No historical medical condition was reported. The patient's current medical condition included osteoporosis. No concomitant medications were provided. No co-suspect medications were reported.

The patient began Prolia, Single Dose Prefilled Syringe on 04/AUG/2025. On 04/AUG/2025, the patient received the intradermal injection at a pharmacy. No treatment information was received. The outcome of the event incorrect route of product administration was reported as unknown.

The consumer reported that the event incorrect route of product administration was possibly related to Prolia. The causal relationship between the event incorrect route of product administration and Prolia Single Dose Prefilled Syringe was not provided by the other health professional. Follow up has been requested.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION RECEIVED ON 21/AUG/2025:**

In this version the patient had confirmed that she purchased the product from a pharmacy and was offered immediate administration, but instead of subcutaneous administration, it was administered intradermally. The error occurred at the stage of administration. Inadequate training of pharmacy staff was the factor contributed to the error. Trained pharmacy staff could have prevented this error from occurring. The dose was not repeated, and the second dose will be administered in six months was the action taken because of the error. The pharmacist administered the product. This was her first dose.