

SUSPECT ADVERSE REACTION REPORT

I. REACTION INFORMATION

1. PATIENT INITIALS (first, last) UNKNOWN	1a. COUNTRY COSTA RICA	2. DATE OF BIRTH Day 19 Month OCT Year 1977	2a. AGE 47 Years	3. SEX Female	3a. WEIGHT 46.00 kg	4-6 REACTION ONSET Day Month MAY Year 2025	8-12 CHECK ALL APPROPRIATE TO ADVERSE REACTION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PATIENT DIED Date: 26-MAY-2025 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> INVOLVED OR PROLONGED INPATIENT HOSPITALISATION <input type="checkbox"/> INVOLVED PERSISTENT OR SIGNIFICANT DISABILITY OR INCAPACITY <input type="checkbox"/> LIFE THREATENING <input type="checkbox"/> CONGENITAL ANOMALY <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OTHER
7 + 13 DESCRIBE REACTION(S) (including relevant tests/lab data) Event Verbatim [LOWER LEVEL TERM] (Related symptoms if any separated by commas) Other Serious Criteria: Medically Significant Multisystem failure; multi-systemic failure [Multiorgan failure] Distributive shock [Distributive shock] Abdominal ascites [Ascites] Case Description: This Costa Rica case is a solicited report received on 05 Jun 2025, from a nurse from a patient support program via Ferrer. This 47-year-old, 46 kg, female patient began therapy with Remodulin (treprostinil sodium, concentration 5 mg/ml), on 13 Jun 2024 for an unknown indication. (Continued on Additional Information Page)							

II. SUSPECT DRUG(S) INFORMATION

14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) (include generic name) #1) Treprostinil sodium (SQ) (TREPROSTINIL SODIUM) Injection, 5.0 mg/ml (Continued on Additional Information Page)	20. DID REACTION ABATE AFTER STOPPING DRUG? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> NA
15. DAILY DOSE(S) #1) UNK [0.060 mg/ml], continuing	16. ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION #1) Subcutaneous use
17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE #1) Primary pulmonary arterial hypertension (Continued on Additional Information Page)	21. DID REACTION REAPPEAR AFTER REINTRODUCTION? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO <input type="checkbox"/> NA
18. THERAPY DATES(from/to) #1) Unknown	19. THERAPY DURATION #1) Unknown

III. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND HISTORY

22. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND DATES OF ADMINISTRATION (exclude those used to treat reaction)		
23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY. (e.g. diagnostics, allergies, pregnancy with last month of period, etc.) From/To Dates Type of History / Notes Description Unknown to Ongoing Current Condition Unknown to Ongoing Current Condition Cardiac failure (Cardiac failure) (Continued on Additional Information Page)		

IV. MANUFACTURER INFORMATION

24a. NAME AND ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER United Therapeutics 55 T W Alexander Drive, P.O. Box 14186 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 UNITED STATES Phone: 1 (919) 485-8350	26. REMARKS World Wide #: CR-UNITED THERAPEUTICS-UNT-2025-019720 Study ID: PSP_Remodulin_043
24b. MFR CONTROL NO. UNT-2025-019720	25b. NAME AND ADDRESS OF REPORTER COSTA RICA NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD. NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD. (Continued on Additional Information Page)
24c. DATE RECEIVED BY MANUFACTURER 12-JUN-2025	24d. REPORT SOURCE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> STUDY <input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HEALTH PROFESSIONAL <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER:
DATE OF THIS REPORT 20-JUN-2025	25a. REPORT TYPE <input type="checkbox"/> INITIAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FOLLOWUP: 1

20-Jun-2025 04:04

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

7+13. DESCRIBE REACTION(S) continued

The patient's dose was unknown [0.060 mg/ml], continuous via subcutaneous (SQ) route. On 19 May 2025, 11 months and 7 days after initiating SQ Remodulin, the patient was admitted to the hospital for abdominal ascites (hospitalized and medically significant). Further, on an unreported date in May 2025, during hospitalization, her health deteriorated, causing multisystem failure (multiple organ dysfunction syndrome, hospitalization prolonged and medically significant) and distributive shock (hospitalization prolonged and medically significant). On 26 May 2025, 11 months and 14 days after initiating SQ Remodulin, she died (death and medically significant) at 1:30 AM and the cause of death was not provided. It was also unknown if an autopsy was performed.

Action taken with SQ Remodulin was not reported for the events of ascites, multiple organ dysfunction syndrome and distributive shock. Action taken with SQ Remodulin was not applicable for the event of death. The outcome of ascites, multiple organ dysfunction syndrome and distributive shock was not resolved.

The reporter assessed the causal relationship between SQ Remodulin and the events of ascites, multiple organ dysfunction syndrome and distributive shock as not related. The reporter did not provide causality for the event of death with SQ Remodulin.

Follow-up information was received on 12 Jun 2025 as a query response via Ferrer.

Follow up report clarified cause of the death as multiple organ dysfunction syndrome. Thus, the event of death was subsumed under the event of multiple organ dysfunction syndrome. The patient's relevant medical history and indication of SQ Remodulin was added as primary pulmonary arterial hypertension. Relevant medical history included: cardiac failure. On 26 May 2025, the patient died due to multi-systemic failure (previously reported, multiple organ dysfunction syndrome; death). It was further reported that the patient's death was related to progression of underlying disease [primary pulmonary arterial hypertension]. Action taken with SQ Remodulin was not applicable for the event of multiple organ dysfunction syndrome. The outcome of multiple organ dysfunction syndrome was fatal.

Case Comment/Senders Comment: The company has assessed the serious adverse events of multiple organ dysfunction syndrome, distributive shock and ascites as not related to SQ treprostinil. The underlying indication of PAH is known to lead to progressive right heart failure, systemic congestion, impaired organ perfusion including reduced renal perfusion, and maladaptive neurohormonal activation. These pathophysiological changes associated with PAH can culminate in the development of ascites, distributive type shock resulting from low cardiac output and compensatory vasodilation, and ultimately multiple organ dysfunction syndrome. Additionally, this patient had a medical history of cardiac failure. The fatal outcome in this case was consistent with the natural progression of advanced PAH and its systemic complications.

14-19. SUSPECT DRUG(S) continued

14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) (include generic name)	15. DAILY DOSE(S); 16. ROUTE(S) OF ADMIN	17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE	18. THERAPY DATES (from/to); 19. THERAPY DURATION
#1) Treprostinil sodium (SQ) (TREPASTINIL SODIUM) Injection, 5.0 mg/ml; Regimen #1	UNK [0.060 mg/ml], continuing; Subcutaneous use	Primary pulmonary arterial hypertension (Pulmonary arterial hypertension)	Unknown; Unknown
#1) Treprostinil sodium (SQ) (TREPASTINIL SODIUM) Injection, 5.0 mg/ml; Regimen #2	UNK, continuing; Subcutaneous use	Primary pulmonary arterial hypertension (Pulmonary arterial hypertension)	13-JUN-2024 / 26-MAY-2025; 11 months 14 days

23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY continued

From/To Dates	Type of History / Notes	Description
Unknown to Ongoing	Current Condition	Pulmonary arterial hypertension (Pulmonary arterial hypertension);

25b. Name And Address of Reporters continued
COSTA RICA

NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.

NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.

Ferrer

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

COSTA RICA

NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.