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SUSPECT ADVERSE REACTION REPORT																								٦			
																				Т	T		Τ	T	┨		
					. 55				=0		1/	~					<u> </u>		_1				1				_
1. PATIENT INITIALS	1a. COUNTRY	1	2. DA1		I. REA	Ť	TION 2a. AGE	_	NFOF 3. SEX	_	IATIC Ba. WEIG	_	4-	-6 RE	ACT	ION	ONS	FT	8-1	12	CHE	CK AL	ı				\neg
(first, last) COSTA RICA Day Month Year 53								emale		Unk		Day	Ť	Moi DE	nth	Т	Year 024	1	12	APP	ROPR ERSE	IATE		N			
7 + 13 DESCRIBE REACTION(S) (including relevant tests/lab data) Event Verbatim [PREFERRED TERM] (Related symptoms if any separated by commas)]		PAT	IENT D	IED	,					
Other Serious Cr Low white blood Anemia, hemoglo	cells [White bloc				-														1		PRC	OLVED DLONG SPITAL	ED	INPAT	IEN	Г	
Pain around the e	eyes [Periorbital		•		•															X	INV	OLVED	PE	RSIST	ENT		
Diarrhea [Diarrho Platelets decreas	ea]	nt decr	02500	4 1															'		DIS	SIGNIF ABILIT` APACIT	Y OF				
Head tenderness	[Headache]			•	f tuice	انمام	L. [O#	اما		~1																	
Patient administe	erea verzenio on	ce daliy	y Inste	9aa u	† twice	; dan	Іу [Оп	l la		-	ued on	Add	lition	al In	forn	nati	on P	age	LIFE THREATENING								
				I. Sl	JSPE	СТ	DRI	JG	S(S) II	NF	ORN	ΙΑΊ	ΓΙΟΙ	N													_
14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) #1) Verzenio 150r			150 m	ng {Lo	 ot # D76	6119	 Э1; Ехг	p.D			26} ued on	Add	lition	al In	forn	nati	on P	age		ABA		ACTION AFTER		OPPIN	G		
15. DAILY DOSE(S) #1) 150 mg, bid									ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION 1) Oral							YES □NO □NA											
17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE #1) Breast cancer (Breast cancer)						21. DID REACTION REAPPEAR AFTER REINTRODUCTION?																					
` '					o. THERAPY DURATION 1) Unknown							YES NO NA															
III. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND HISTORY																											
#1) ANASTROZO #2) CALCIUM (C	22. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND DATES OF ADMINISTRATION (exclude those used to treat reaction) #1) ANASTROZOLE (ANASTROZOLE) Unknown; Unknown #2) CALCIUM (CALCIUM) Unknown; Unknown #3) VITAMIN D [VITAMIN D NOS] (VITAMIN D [VITAMIN D NOS]) Unknown;																										
From/To Dates 08-APR-2024 to 2	23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY. (e.g. diagnostics, allergies, pregnancy with last month of period, etc.) From/To Dates Type of History / Notes Description 08-APR-2024 to 26-SEP-2024 Procedure Chemotherapy (Chemotherapy) 28-OCT-2024 to 15-NOV-2024 Procedure Radiotherapy (Radiotherapy)																										
IV. MANUFACTURER INFORMATION																											
24a. NAME AND ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER Eli Lilly Interamerica Inc (AR Branch) Tronador 4890 - Piso 12 Buenos Aires, Capital Federal CP: 1430 ARGENTINA Phone: 54 1145464000																											
	24b. MFR CONTROL NO. CR202505000715				25b. NAME AND ADDRESS OF REPORTER NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.																						
24c. DATE RECEIVED BY MANUFACTURE	ER 24d. REF	ORT SOL	JRCE		ERATURE	TURE																					
30-APR-2025	30-APR-2025 HEALTH OTHER: Spontaneous																										
DATE OF THIS REPORT 25a. REPORT TYPE 07-MAY-2025 INITIAL FOLLOWUP: 1																											

INITIAL

FOLLOWUP: 1

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

7+13. DESCRIBE REACTION(S) continued

Case Description: This spontaneous case reported by a consumer who contacted the company to report adverse events, with additional information from the initial reporter, concerned a 53-year-old female patient of unknown origin.

Medical history included breast pain, chemotherapy from 08-Apr-2024 to 26-Sep-2024 and 15 radiation treatments from 28-Oct-2024 to 15-Nov-2024. She when she received chemotherapy treatment, her white blood cell and hemoglobin counts decreased, but that when she finished, she recovered. However, she states that after these treatments (chemotherapy and radiation) for breast cancer, she began Verzenio treatment and again experienced decreased blood cell and hemoglobin counts. Concomitant medications included calcium for prevention of osteoporosis and vitamin D for better absorption of calcium.

The patient received abemaciclib (Verzenio), 300 mg daily (two 150 mg tablets daily) via orally, for the treatment of breast cancer, beginning in Dec-2024. She also received anastrozole concomitantly for breast cancer. Since an unknown date in Dec-2024, after starting abemaciclib therapy she experienced diarrhea which had not decreased but rather increased, because every time she ate and got diarrhea and sends her to the bathroom about 5 times, although she reports that her stomach was very delicate because it remained that way after chemotherapy treatment. On an unknown date in Apr-2025, her blood tests were performed that showed her white blood cells and hemoglobin were low (units, values and reference range was not provided). Due to low hemoglobin, she was diagnosed with anemia. She used to stay tired all the time and felt very incapacitated. The events of white blood cell decreased, and anemia were considered as serious by the reporter due to medical significance and disability reasons. Since starting abemaciclib, she took loperamide as corrective treatment for diarrhea, three to four pills daily. Also, she experienced head tenderness (her head hurt when touched), pain around the eyes and pain in the breast. She already had breast pain before starting abemaciclib, it had decreased and when she started abemaciclib, the pain worsened. On 22-Apr-2025, on medical advice, abemaciclib therapy was decreased to 150 mg daily (off label use) due to diarrhea and decreased platelets and decreased hemoglobin counts (no values, units or baseline were provided). As for 30-Apr-2025, she did not experienced diarrhea on this date and she only took loperamide when diarrhea occurred. Information regarding further corrective treatment was not provided. Outcome of the event off label use was unknown, for the event of diarrhea was recovering, and for the remaining events was not recovered. The status of abemaciclib therapy was dose decreased.

The initial reporting consumer did not provide relatedness assessment of the events with abemaciclib therapy.

Update 06-May-2025: Additional information received on 30-Apr-2025 from the initial reporter. Added non-serious events of head tenderness, pain around the eyes, breast pain, off label use and platelet count decreased; Abemaciclib dosage regime, loperamide as corrective treatment, platelet count test and breast pain as medical history. Updated outcome of the event diarrhea from not recovered to recovering and narrative with new information.

13.	Lab	Data

#	Date	Test / Assessi	ment / Notes	Results	Normal High / Low						
1 Haemoglob			oin								
		results not	provided								
2		Platelet co	unt								
		No values,	units or baseline were p	provided.							
3 White block			od cell count								
		results not provided									
14-19. SUSPECT DRUG(S) continued											
14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) (include generic name)			15. DAILY DOSE(S); 16. ROUTE(S) OF ADMIN	18. THERAPY DATES (from/to); 19. THERAPY DURATION							
#1) Verzenio 150mg (Abemaciclib) Tablet, 150 mg {Lot # D761191; Exp.Dt. OCT-2026}; Regimen #2			150 mg, daily; Oral	Breast cancer (Breast cancer)	22-APR-2025 / Unknown; Unknown						

23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY continued

From/To Dates	Type of History / Notes	Description
Unknown	Historical AR	WBC decreased (White blood cell count decreased):

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY continued

From/To Dates	Type of History / Notes	Description
	chemotherapy treatment	
Unknown	Historical AR chemotherapy treatment	Hemoglobin decreased (Haemoglobin decreased);
Unknown	Medical Condition	Breast pain (Breast pain);