														CIO	01	<b>VIS</b>	FC	R	M
SUSPECT ADVERSE REACTION REPORT																			
																			7
						П								Τ	Τ	T		$\exists$	
																			Ш
1. PATIENT INITIALS	1a. COUNTRY	I. REAC	CTION 2a. AGE	I INFOR	MATION  3a. WEIGHT	1-6	: PF	ACTION	I ONS	SET	I g	12	CHE	ECK ALL					_
(first, last) PRIVACY	Female	82.00 kg	Day	I	Month OCT	Ť	Year 202	1	12	APP	PROPRI ERSE I	ATE		N					
7 + 13 DESCRIBE REAGEVENT Verbatim [PREFE Other Serious Cr	السينمة									INV	IENT DI	OR			_				
Bronchopneumo Had a bacteria, t	Kidney failure/acute kidney failure/Renal impairment [Acute kidney injurgeronchopneumonia [Pneumonia] Had a bacteria, that was getting into her blood [Haematological infection											_	HOS	OLONGE SPITALIS	SAT	ION			
Blood sugar of 25 [Blood glucose decreased] Anemia [Anaemia] Difficulty with vision which hurt and she cannot read [Visual impairment					ent]  INVOLVED PERSISTENT OR SIGNIFICANT DISABILITY OR INCAPACITY														
,		she cannot read [Eye pa d immune responsivene	-	(Conti	nued on Add	ditiona	ıl İnf	ormat	tion	Page	,		LIFE	E REATEN	IING	<b>.</b>			
		II. SUSPEC	T DRU	JG(S) IN	FORMA	TION	1				<u> </u>								_
14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) #1 ) Abemaciclib (	) (include generic name) (Abemaciclib) Tablet				nued on Add			ormat	tion	Page		AB.		ACTION AFTER		)PPIN	G		
					ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION 1 ) Oral						YES NO NA								
17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE #1 ) Breast cancer (Breast cancer)											21	RE	APPE	ACTION EAR AF ODUCT	TER				
18. THERAPY DATES(fr #1 ) 28-AUG-2024	•				THERAPY DURATION  Unknown  YES NO NA														
		III. CONCOMIT	ANT E	DRUG(S	) AND HI	ISTC	)R	Y											_
22. CONCOMITANT DRUG(S) AND DATES OF ADMINISTRATION (exclude those used to treat reaction) #1 ) IRBESARTAN (IRBESARTAN) Unknown, 150 mg; Unknown #2 ) LORATADINE (LORATADINE) Unknown; Unknown #3 ) FOLIC ACID (FOLIC ACID) Unknown; Unknown #4 ) IRON (IRON) Unknown; Unknown #5 ) ASTAXANTHIN (ASTAXANTHIN) Unknown; Unknown																			
23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY. (e.g. diagnostics, allergies, pregnancy with last month of period, etc.) From/To Dates Type of History / Notes Description Unknown to Ongoing Medical Condition Anemia (Anaemia) Unknown to Ongoing Medical Condition Blood pressure high (Hypertension)																			
IV. MANUFACTURER INFORMATION																			
24a. NAME AND ADDRESS OF MANUFACTURER Eli Lilly Interamerica Inc (AR Branch) Tronador 4890 - Piso 12 Buenos Aires, Capital Federal CP: 1430 ARGENTINA Phone: 54 1145464000																			
	24b. MFR CO	ONTROL NO. 03020914			25b. NAME AND ADDRESS OF REPORTER NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.														
24c. DATE RECEIVED BY MANUFACTURER  04-AUG-2025  24d. REPORT SOURCE STUDY LITERATURE PROFESSIONAL OTHER:				NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.  NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.															
DATE OF THIS REPORT  08-AUG-2025  25a. REPORT TYPE  INITIAL  FOLLOWUP: 4																			

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### 7+13. DESCRIBE REACTION(S) continued

Asthma had returned [Asthma]
Weight loss [Weight decreased]
Back pain [Back pain]
Leg and shoulder muscle pain [Myalgia]
Stomach pain [Abdominal pain upper]
Vomiting [Vomiting]
Nausea [Nausea]
Lack of appetite [Decreased appetite]
Fatigue [Fatigue]

Case Description: This solicited case, reported by a consumer via a Patient Support Program (PSP) through a business partner, concerned a 60-year-old (at the time of initial report) Caucasian female patient.

Medical history included breast cancer, anemia, high blood pressure, asthma, allergies and diabetes. Concomitant medications included irbesartan and astaxanthin for the treatment of high blood pressure, loratedine for the treatment of allergies, unspecified white insulin injection for the treatment of diabetes, folic acid and iron for the treatment of anemia.

The patient received abemaciclib (Verzenio) tablet at 150 mg twice daily dose via orally for the treatment of breast cancer beginning on 28-Aug-2024. On an unknown date in Oct-2024, while on abemaciclib therapy, she was diagnosed with acute kidney failure. On an unknown date in Feb-2025, she had renal impairment. On 19-Mar-2025 she was hospitalized because of acute kidney injury. She still has the same ailments, such as severe back pain. She returned to the clinic after 8 days because the doctor had indicated that she should have a test that was performed quickly in 24 hours, which was a urine culture and results indicated that her kidney was affected. As a corrective treatment, she was given antibiotics that the doctor at the clinic gave her, which she did not remember the name, she only mentioned were some capsules and that one of the antibiotics she gave her was strong and then the doctor indicated that she should have the test and there the doctor determined that she no longer had the bacteria, but she was worse because the bacteria had moved to the blood, she mentions that she indicated that she should have a urine culture. She had been experiencing severe fever and colds and had just left the hospital. At the hospital they told her and she was reluctant to undergo the unspecified treatment. It was then that they told her that she had a bacterial infection in her urinary tract, but that bacteria that was getting into her blood and also because of advanced anemia for which she received three bags of blood as a corrective treatment. The events of anaemia and haematological infection were considered as serious by the company due to medically significant reasons. She had difficulty with her vision, it hurt, became very dirty and she could not read. She thought that it might be the same kidney infection that was spreading everywhere in her body. Her asthma (medical history) was subsided slightly, but as of 21-Mar-2025, as her immune system was low and asthma had returned. She used two sprays (one salbutamol and beclometasone). She weighed 94kgs before starting abemaciclib therapy, when she started, she weighed 87 kg and now she was 82kgs. On an unknown date, she experienced low blood sugar. On an unknown date, on one occasion, she was taken to the emergency room because she was immobile with a blood sugar of 25 due to which she was taken off clear insulin and pills. The event of blood sugar decreased was considered as serious by the company due to medically significant reason. The diagnostic studies such as blood urea nitrogen, creatinine, estimated glomerular filtration rate, urinalysis, urine protein, electrolytes, serum albumin, complete blood count, renal imaging (CT, US, or MR) were performed but she did not have the information. She will undergo routine tests again from 07-Apr-2025 including tests for diabetes, and she also assumed that she will also undergo a kidney exam. Since an unknown date, in the muscles of the leg in the calves in the soft part, she experienced pain when she walked or stood, although sometimes she preferred to walk slowly. She mentioned that it was not a permanent pain, sometimes she woke up fatal and also had pain in the area of the shoulder to the elbow in the soft part (where the muscle was). If she ate something it caused stomach pain and she could not eat anything because she got stomach pain and her stomach upset and vomited and nausea occurred when she ingested any food or liquid such as a soft drink or soda but not with water. She did not want to smell food, because the only thing she drank was soup, but a little, tiredness that when she went up and down the third floor of where she lived, she got home and fell dead from fatigue. On an unknown date, she experienced bronchopneumonia due to which she was hospitalised on 05-Jun-2025 and stopped taking abemaciclib. She received intravenous blood. As of 12-Jun-2025, she had 79 kg of weight. She was discharged from renal impairment on 17-Jun-2025. She resumed abemaciclib therapy on 18-Jun-2025. She was readmitted to the hospital on 01-Aug-2025. She had been hospitalized three times, (but did not recall the dates). She took salbutamol and beclomethasone - inproben for event bronchopneumonia. Information regarding the hospitalization details and corrective treatment for the remaining events was not provided. Outcome of the events haematological infection, anemia, visual impairment, eye pain was not resolved, the event of acute kidney failure and pneumonia was recovering while outcome of the remaining events was not provided. Statius of abemaciclib therapy was previously discontinued and re-started again, it was unknown if therapy was ongoing or not.

The initial reporting did not relate the events of bronchopneumonia and acute kidney injury with abemaciclib while did not provide any assessment on relatedness for the remaining events with abemaciclib therapy.

Edit 27-Mar-2025: Upon internal review of information received on 21-Mar-2025, an edit was performed to add two non-serious events of asthma aggravated and decreased immune responsiveness. No other changes were made to the case.

Update 09-Apr-2025: Additional information was received from an initial reporting consumer via PSP on 04-Apr-2025. Added weight and race of the patient, two laboratory tests blood sugar and urine culture, one new dosage regimen of abemaciclib therapy with batch number, four concomitant medications as folic acid, iron, astaxanthin, becomethasone, one serious event of blood sugar

# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

## 7+13. DESCRIBE REACTION(S) continued

decreased and eight non-serious events of fatigue, appetite lost, nausea, vomiting, muscle pain, stomach pain, back pain. Updated event coding of the event kidney failure to acute kidney failure and narrative with new information.

Update 17-Jun-2025: Additional information was received from an initial reporting consumer via PSP on 12-Jun-2025 and 13-Jun-2025 were processed together. Added one serious event of pneumonia. Added information regarding event weight decreased and acute kidney injury in event description. Updated as reported verbatim, outcome and as reported causality of event acute kidney injury and action taken of abemaciclib from no change to drug discontinued. Updated narrative with new information.

Update 08-Aug-2025: Additional information was received on 04-Aug-2025 from initial reporting consumer via a PSP through a business partner. Added additional dosage regimen for suspect drug, Updated concomitant medications salbutamol and beclomethasone as a treatment drug for bronchopneumonia, USPI label from unlisted to listed for event anaemia. Updated corresponding fields and narrative with new information accordingly.

Lilly Analysis Statement: 17-Jun-2025: The company considered the events of decreased appetite, nausea, fatigue, vomiting and anemia as related to abemaciclib.

### 13. Lab Data

# Date	Test / Assessment / Notes	Results	Normal High / Low
1	Blood glucose	25	
	(No units and reference range	e provided)	
2	Culture urine		
	kidney affected		

## 14-19. SUSPECT DRUG(S) continued

14. SUSPECT DRUG(S) (include generic name)	15. DAILY DOSE(S); 16. ROUTE(S) OF ADMIN	17. INDICATION(S) FOR USE	18. THERAPY DATES (from/to); 19. THERAPY DURATION
#1 ) Abemaciclib (Abemaciclib) Tablet {Lot # D763191; Exp.Dt. OCT-2026}; Regimen #2	150 mg, bid; Oral	Breast cancer (Breast cancer)	Unknown; Unknown
#1 ) Abemaciclib (Abemaciclib) Tablet {Lot # D763191; Exp.Dt. OCT-2026}; Regimen #3	150 mg, bid; Oral	Breast cancer (Breast cancer)	18-JUN-2025 / Unknown; Unknown

# 23. OTHER RELEVANT HISTORY continued

From/To Dates	Type of History / Notes	Description
Unknown to Ongoing	Medical Condition	Asthma (Asthma);
Unknown to Ongoing	Medical Condition	Allergy (Hypersensitivity);
Unknown to Ongoing	Medical Condition	Diabetes (Diabetes mellitus);
Unknown to Ongoing	Medical Condition	Breast cancer (Breast cancer);