															С	10	MS	F	OF	łМ
SUSPE	CT ADVERSE F	REAC	TION REPO	RT																_
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			I REA	CTIO	N INFOE	RMATION	d.				•		•							
1. PATIENT INITIALS	1a. COUNTRY	2. [DATE OF BIRTH	2a. AGE		3a. WEIGHT	_	-6 RE	ACTIO	N ON	NSET	. 8	3-12		HEC	ΚA	LL			_
			66 Years	│ ⊾Female	Female Unk Day Month Year 16 NOV 2023					APPROPRIATE TO ADVERSE REACTION					NC					
	TION(S) (including relevant			Tears	9		1					_		PAT	ΓΙΕΝΤ	DIE)			
	ria: Medically Signific		autu)											INV PR	OLVE	D OF	R INPA	ΓΙFΝ	т	
Event Verbatim [PREFERRED TERM] (Related			Product	Serious	ious Listed Reporter Company Causality Causality			oany		П	HO INV	SPITA OLVE	LISA D PE	TION RSIS						
	symptoms if any separated by commas) DIARRHEA [Diarrhoea]			OSIMERTINIB		Yes	Rela					Ч	DIS	SIGN	ry o					
LESS HUNGRY [Decreased appetite]			OSIMERTINIB No		No	No	Rela	ated	Related			_		CAPAC	HΥ					
UVEITIS IN THE EYES [Uveitis]			OSIMERTINIB	Yes	No	Related Relate					LIFE THREATENING			G						
Injury to the inside of the nose [Nasal injury]			-		No	No Yes	Related Related					П		NGEN						
-	Mouth lesions [Stomatitis] Dry nose [Nasal dryness]			OSIMERTINIB No			Related Related				_	AN	OMAL'	Y						
2.7	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		002			No nued on Add	_		_			e)	\boxtimes	ОТ	HER					
			II. SUSPEC	CT DR	UG(S) IN	NFORM <i>A</i>	ATIO	N												
14. SUSPECT DRUG(S)			000. 20		(-)							2			ACTIO AFTEI			JC.		
#1) OSIMERTINIE	B (OSIMERTINIB) Ta	blet												RUG?		X 31	OPPII	NG		
15. DAILY DOSE(S)					6. ROUTE(S) OF ADMINISTRATION 11.) Oral use							مرا								
#1) 80 milligram, o	dq				#1) Oral u	I) Oral use						L	JYE	s <u>L</u>	INO	A	NA			
17. INDICATION(S) FOR		anant)										2	RE	EAPP	ACTIO	FTE				
#1) Lung cancer (Lung neoplasm mali	grianii)											RE	EINTF	RODU	CTIO	N?			
18. THERAPY DATES(fro #1) 16-NOV-2023	,					9. THERAPY DURATION t1) Unknown							YE	s 🔲	NO	\boxtimes	NA			
,					,															
		Ш	. CONCOMI	TANT	DRUG(S	S) AND H	HST	OF	RY											
22. CONCOMITANT DRU	JG(S) AND DATES OF ADM	IINISTRAT	TION (exclude those us	sed to treat	reaction)															
	HISTORY. (e.g. diagnostics,			onth of peri																
From/To Dates Type of History / Notes Unknown to Ongoing Indication Description Lung cancer (Lung neoplasm malignant)																				
			D / B / A A A B II I I		IDED IN	E00144														
24a. NAME AND ADDRE	SS OF MANUFACTURER		IV. MANUI	FACIL	JRER IN		HOI	<u>ν</u>												_
AstraZeneca						World Wide #: CR-AstraZeneca-2024A055423														
Serban Ghiorghiu 1 Medimmune Way						Study ID: PSP-23269 Case References: CR-AstraZeneca-2024A055423														
Gaithersburg, Maryland 20878 UNITED STATES Phone: +1 301-398-0000						References	s. UK-	-ASI	ıa∠er	ieca	a-20	24A(JO54	∠ 3						
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	24b. MFR CC	NTROL N	0.		25b. NA	ME AND ADDF	RESS C	F RE	PORTE	R										_
	2024A05	5423			NAM	E AND ADD	RES	S W	'ITHH	ELC	Ο.									
24c. DATE RECEIVED	24d. DATE RECEIVED BY MANUFACTURER BY MANUFACTURER 24d. REPORT SOURCE					NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.														
La line cons					NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.															
02-JUN-2025 HEALTH OTHER:					NAME AND ADDRESS WITHHELD.															
DATE OF THIS REPORT 25a. REPORT TYPE 02-JUL-2025 INITIAL FOLLOWUP: 3					NAM	E AND ADD	RES	s w	'ITHHI	ELC	Ο.									

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

7+13. DESCRIBE REACTION(S) continued

Event Verbatim [PREFERRED TERM] (Related symptoms if any separated by commas)	Product	Serious	Listed	Reporter Causality	Company Causality
Brote en la espalda [Rash]	OSIMERTINIB	No	Yes	Related	Related

Case Description: A solicited report has been received from a consumer in Patient Support Program concerning about a female elderly patient born in 1957 (age 66 years).

No medical history and concomitant products were reported.

On 16-NOV-2023, The patient started treatment with Osimertinib (osimertinib) 80 milligram qd, Oral use, for lung cancer.

On 16-NOV-23, the patient experienced less hungry (preferred term: Decreased appetite), diarrhea (preferred term: Diarrhoea) and uveitis in the eyes (preferred term: Uveitis). On 27-FEB-24, the patient experienced injury to the inside of the nose (preferred term: Nasal injury). On an unknown date, the patient experienced mouth lesions (preferred term: Stomatitis) and dry nose (preferred term: Nasal dryness).

The dose of Osimertinib (osimertinib) was not changed.

The outcome of the event(s) of diarrhea, dry nose, less hungry, mouth lesions and uveitis in the eyes was unknown. At the time of reporting, the event injury to the inside of the nose was ongoing.

The following event(s) were considered serious due to medically significant: diarrhea and uveitis in the eyes.

The following events were considered non-serious:dry nose, injury to the inside of the nose, less hungry and mouth lesions.

The reporter considered that there was a reasonable possibility of a causal relationship between Osimertinib and the following event (s): diarrhea, dry nose, injury to the inside of the nose, less hungry, mouth lesions and uveitis in the eyes.

The company physician considered that there was a reasonable possibility of a causal relationship between Osimertinib and the following event(s): diarrhea, dry nose, injury to the inside of the nose, less hungry, mouth lesions and uveitis in the eyes.

The events mouth lesions (preferred term: Stomatitis) and dry nose (preferred term: Nasal dryness) have been identified by the company physician from the source documents and added as adverse events.

Summary of the follow up information received by AstraZeneca on 26-Mar-2025 from a consumer via Patient Support Program: New events injury to the inside of the nose (preferred term: Nasal injury), mouth lesions (preferred term: Stomatitis) and dry nose (preferred term: Nasal dryness) were added. Narrative updated.

Company Clinical Comment: Uveitis is not listed in the company core data sheet of osimertinib. Underlying lung cancer could be confounding. Due to limited information on circumstances leading to event, recent statis of underlying malignancy, outcome of events, clinical course, treatment provided, risk factors, relevant medical history, concurrent conditions, concomitant medications, detailed diagnostic and etiologic workup, the evaluation did not find the evidence to exclude a causal relationship between the event and suspect drug.